2012 Contribution Limits and Tax Reference Guide



RETIREMENT

Tax-advantaged accounts: Retirement Plans (2012 tax year)

Traditional IRA contribution limits		
Under age 50	\$5,000*	
Age 50 and above	\$6,000**	
Phase-out ranges for IRA contribution deductibility		
Married, filing jointly	\$92,000 - \$112,000 MAGI***	
Married, filing separately	\$0 - \$10,000 MAGI	
Single and head of household	\$58,000 - \$68,000 MAGI	
Spousal IRA filing jointly, IRA of nonparticipant	\$173,000 - \$183,000 MAGI	

Full deduction is permitted below phaseout range. Scaled partial deduction is permitted within range. No deduction is permitted above range. An IRA owner under age 70¹/₂ with earned income can make a fully deductible contribution, regardless of his/her MAGI, if neither he/she nor his/her spouse (if married) is an active participant in an employer plan. If one or both are active plan participants, the above deductibility phase-out ranges apply. Qualified clients not eligible for deductible contributions may make nondeductible contributions up to the annual limit. *Or 100% of taxable compensation, whichever is less

**Includes \$1,000 "catch-up" contribution

***Modified adjusted gross income

Roth IRA contribution limits

Under age 50	\$5,000*
Age 50 and above	\$6,000**
Phase-out ranges for Roth contribution eligibility	
Married, filing jointly	\$173,000 - \$183,000 MAGI
Married, filing separately	\$0 - \$10,000 MAGI
Single and head of household	\$110,000 - \$125,000 MAGI

Roth conversion income is not included in MAGI. Full contribution is permitted below phase-out range. Scaled partial contribution is permitted within range. No contribution is permitted above range.

*Or 100% of taxable compensation, whichever is less

**Includes \$1,000 catch-up contribution

Roth IRA conversions

All filing statuses	No MAGI limit
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If you completed a 2010 Roth IRA conversion and elected to amortize your resulting income, you will include 50% of such income on your 2011 tax return and the remaining 50% on your 2012 tax return.



Bank of America Corporation

Please see last page for important information

Investment products:

Are Not FDIC Insured	Are Not Bank Guaranteed	May Lose Value
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SEP IRA contribution limits

Discretionary employer contributions of up to the lesser of \$50,000 or 25% of employee compensation or 20% of net earnings from self employment.*

A minimum of \$550 in compensation required to participate in SEP.

*A maximum compensation cap of $250,000\ per employee applies.$

401(k), 403(b)*, 457**, SARSEP contribution limits

Salary deferral

Under age 50	\$17,000***
Age 50 and above	\$22,500****

Maximum contributions

- Maximum total contributions per employee are limited to \$50,000 or 100% of compensation with a \$250,000 compensation cap per employee. (\$49,000/100%/\$245,000 in Puerto Rico, except that dual qualified plans apply the \$250,000 limit.)
- 401(k) and profit-sharing plans may be combined, but share a single limit.
- *Employees of certain organizations may be eligible to contribute greater amounts. Merrill Lynch is no longer allowing additional contributions to 403(b) plans.
- **Contributions may be doubled in the last three years before retirement, but catch-up cannot be used. Merrill Lynch does not offer 457 plans.
- ***In Puerto Rico, the maximum 401(k) deferral is \$13,000.
- **** Includes \$5,500 catch-up contribution. (In Puerto Rico, the 401(k) catch-up contribution limit is 1,500.)

Simple IRA salary deferral contributions

Under age 50	\$11,500
Age 50 and above	\$14,000*

*Includes \$2,500 catch-up contribution

Highly compensated employee

A highly compensated employee is a person who was a 5% owner at any time during the determination year or the preceding year, or for the preceding year received more than \$115,000 in compensation from the employer and, if the employer elects, also was in the "toppaid group" (top 20%) of employees for that year.*

Key employee – officer: \$165,000

* In Puerto Rico, a highly compensated employee is one who received more than \$110,000 in compensation; no "top-paid" election is available.

Defined benefit plan

Lesser of \$200,000 (\$195,000 in Puerto Rico) or 100% of the participant's average compensation for his/her three high consecutive years of active plan participation.

Saver's tax credit

Single taxpayers and married individuals filing separately with MAGI below \$28,750, heads of household with MAGI below \$43,125 and joint filers with MAGI below \$57,500 may be eligible for a tax credit for an IRA, 401(k), 403(b) or 457 employee plan contribution, in addition to any deduction or exclusion that would otherwise apply.

Tax-advantaged accounts: Education Plans (2012 tax year)

Section 529 College Savings Account			
No age or income restrictions for contributors or beneficiaries			
Five-Year Annual Contribution Made Contribution* in a Single Year**			
Single	\$13,000 per beneficiary	\$65,000 per beneficiary	
Married couple filing jointly	\$26,000 per beneficiary	\$130,000 per beneficiary	

*Contributions are completed gifts subject to the annual gift-tax exclusion and are removed from the contributor's federal estate.

**Contributions between \$13,000 and \$65,000 (\$26,000 and \$130,000 for married couples filing jointly) made in one year can be prorated over a five-year period without subjecting you to gift tax or reducing your federal unified estate and gift tax credit. If you contribute less than the \$65,000 (\$130,000 for married couples filing jointly) maximum, additional contributions can be made without you being subject to federal gift tax, up to a prorated level of \$13,000 (\$26,000 for married couples filing jointly) per year. Gift taxation may result if a contribution exceeds the available annual gift tax exclusion amount remaining for a given beneficiary in the year of contribution. For contributions between \$13,000 and \$65,000 (\$26,000 and \$130,000 for married couples filing jointly) made in one year, if the account owner dies before the end of the five-year period, a prorated portion of the contribution may be included in his or her estate for estate tax purposes. Also, any appreciation on the entire original gift is not considered part of the estate.

Section 529 plan tax treatment

Section 529 plan earnings grow federal and, in most cases, state income-tax-free as long as the withdrawals are used for qualified higher education expenses. The earnings portion of withdrawals for nonqualified expenses will be subject to federal income tax and a 10% additional federal tax, and may also be subject to state income or other taxes.

Section 529 plan disclosure

Before you invest in any Section 529 college savings plan, request an official statement and read it carefully. The official statement includes more complete information, including investment objectives, charges, expenses and risks of investing in the plan, which you should consider carefully before investing. You should consider whether your home state or your designated beneficiary's home state offers any state tax or other benefits that are only available for investments in such state's 529 plan. Section 529 plans are not guaranteed by any state or federal agency.

Coverdell	Education	Savings A	Account	

Beneficiaries under age 18 and special needs beneficiaries of any age (maximum contribution)		\$2,000
Phase-out ranges for Coverdell ESA contribution eligibility		
Single \$95,000 - \$110,000 MAG		0 MAGI
Married, filing jointly	\$190,000 - \$220,00	0 MAGI

Married, filing jointly

Student loans

Student loan interest deduction limit	\$2,500
Phase-out ranges for student loan in	terest deduction eligibility
Single and head of household	\$60,000 - \$75,000 MAGI
Married, filing jointly	\$125,000 - \$155,000 MAGI

Lifetime learning credits

20% of first \$10,000 of educational expenses (max \$2,000) per taxpayer

Phase-out amounts for credit eligibility

Single and head of household	\$52,000 - \$62,000 MAGI
Married, filing jointly	\$104,000 - \$124,000 MAGI

American Opportunity Tax Credit

100% of first \$2,000 of education expenses; 25% of expenses between \$2,000 and \$4,000 (maximum credit is \$2,500) per eligible student

Phase-out ranges for credit eligibility

Single and head of household	\$80,000 - \$90,000 MAGI
Married, filing jointly*	\$160,000 - \$180,000 MAGI

*Credit not available if married, filing separately.

Phase-out of exclusion of U.S. savings bond income

By payor of qualified higher-education expenses

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Married, filing jointly	\$109,250 - \$139,250 MAGI
All others	\$72,850 - \$87,850 MAGI

HSA Contribution and Plan Limits (2012 Tax Year)

HSA Limits

The following table shows the minimum annual deductible and maximum annual deductible and other out-of-pocket expenses for high deductible health plans (HDHPs) for 2012.

	Minimum Deductible	Maximum Out-of-Pocket*	Contribution Limit	55+ Contribution
Single	\$1,200	\$6,050	\$3,100	\$1,000
Family	\$2,400	\$12,100	\$6,250	\$1,000

*These limits do not apply to deductibles and expenses for out-of-network services if the plan uses a network of providers. Instead, only deductibles and out-of-pocket expenses for services within the network should be used to figure whether the limits apply.

To be an eligible individual and qualify for an HSA, you must:

- be covered under an HDHP on the first day of the month,
- have no other health coverage*,
- not be entitled to (and enrolled in) Medicare benefits, and
- not be claimed as a dependent on someone else's tax return.

For more detailed information on HSAs and taxes, visit the U.S. Department of Treasury Web site at www.ustreas.gov or talk with your tax advisor. *Coverage under a limited-purpose health care flexible spending arrangement is permissible.

Federal Tax Brackets (2012 tax year)

	Single	
Taxable income over	But not over	Tax rate is
\$0	\$8,700	10%
\$8,700	\$35,350	\$870 plus 15%*
\$35,350	\$85,650	\$4,867.50 plus 25%*
\$85,650	\$178,650	\$17,442.50 plus 28%*
\$178,650	\$388,350	\$43,482.50 plus 33%*
\$388,350		\$112,683.50 plus 35%*

 * of the excess over the taxable income in the far left-hand column.

Married, filing jointly/qualifying widow(er)		
Taxable income over	But not over	Tax rate is
\$0	\$17,400	10%
\$17,400	\$70,700	\$1,740 plus 15%*
\$70,700	\$142,700	\$9,735 plus 25%*
\$142,700	\$217,450	\$27,735 plus 28%*
\$217,450	\$388,350	\$48,665 plus 33%*
\$388,350		\$105,062 plus 35%*

* of the excess over the taxable income in the far left-hand column.

Head of household		
Taxable income over	But not over	Tax rate is
\$0	\$12,400	10%
\$12,400	\$47,350	\$1,240 plus 15%*
\$47,350	\$122,300	\$6,482.50 plus 25%*
\$122,300	\$198,050	\$25,220 plus 28%*
\$198,050	\$388,350	\$46,430 plus 33%*
\$388,350		109,229 plus 35%*

* of the excess over the taxable income in the far left-hand column.

Married, filing separately		
Taxable income over	But not over	Tax rate i
\$0	\$8,700	10%
\$8,700	\$35,350	\$870 plus 15% ³
\$35,350	\$71,350	\$4,867.50 plus 25%
\$71,350	\$108,725	\$13,867.50 plus 28%
\$108,725	\$194,175	\$24,332.50 plus 33%
\$194,175		\$52,531 plus 35%

 * of the excess over the taxable income in the far left-hand column.

Estate and trusts

Taxable income over	But not over	Tax rate is
\$0	\$2,400	15%
\$2,400	\$5,600	\$360 plus 25%*
\$5,600	\$8,500	\$1,160 plus 28%*
\$8,500	\$11,650	\$1,972 plus 33%*
\$11,650		\$3,011.50 plus 35%*

* of the excess over the taxable income in the far left-hand column.

Long-term capital gains and qualified dividend rates

The top federal tax rate for long-term capital gains or qualified dividend income is 15% (0% for individuals in the 10% or 15% tax brackets).

Gains on collectibles	maximum 28%
Unrecaptured 1250 depreciation	maximum 25%

Gift and estate taxes	
Gift tax annual exclusion	\$13,000
Unified estate, gift, and generation-skipping transfer tax exemption	\$5.12 million
Annual exclusion for gifts to noncitizen spouse	\$139,000
Top gift-tax rate	35%
Top estate-tax rate	35%
Single generation-skipping transfer tax rate	35%

Deductions (2012 tax year)

\$11,900
\$5,950
\$5,950
\$8,700

The additional standard deduction amount for the aged and blind is \$1,150 for each. These amounts are increased to \$1,450 if the individual also is unmarried and not a surviving spouse.

Exemptions	
Personal and dependent*	\$3,800
Kiddie tax	\$950
* No phase-out in 2012	

Social Security (2012 tax year)

Maximum earnings subject to FICA

(For 2011, the Social Security portion of the employee FICA tax rate was 4.2%. As of the date of publication of this guide, it is not clear whether the rate for 2012 will remain at 4.2%, revert to 6.2%, or equal some other percentage.)

Post-retirement

The amount of Social Security benefit payments (if any) subject to tax depends on the amount of the taxpayer's provisional income (AGI plus one-half of the Social Security benefits plus tax-exempt bond interest plus certain other adjustments).

If provisional income exceeds \$32,000 (\$25,000 for single and head of household), then the amount of Social Security benefits included in gross income is the lesser of:

50% of the Social Security benefits received that year or

■ 50% of the excess of provisional income over \$32,000 (or \$25,000).

However, if provisional income exceeds \$44,000 (\$34,000 for single and head of household), then the amount of Social Security benefits included in gross income is the lesser of:

85% of the Social Security benefits received that year, or the sum of:

- The amount included under the above 50% rule or, if less, one-half of the difference between \$44,000 (or \$34,000) and \$32,000 (or \$25,000) and
- 85% of the excess of provisional income over \$44,000 (\$34,000).

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